

MATH 2340 "COOL DOWN" PROBLEMS

For each of the following differential equations, (1) determine the fundamental solutions, and (2) write down the general solution.

$$(1) y'' + 2y' - 3y = 0$$

Assume $y = e^{\lambda x} \rightarrow y' = \lambda e^{\lambda x} \rightarrow y'' = \lambda^2 e^{\lambda x}$

Plug in

$$\lambda^2 e^{\lambda x} + 2\lambda e^{\lambda x} - 3e^{\lambda x} = 0$$

$$e^{\lambda x}(\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 3) = 0 \quad \text{Note: } e^{\lambda x} \neq 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 3 = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{characteristic equation}$$

$$(\lambda + 3)(\lambda - 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda = -3 \text{ or } \lambda = 1 \quad y_1 = e^{-3x}, y_2 = e^x$$

Write solution

$$\boxed{y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^x}$$

$$(3) y'' - 7y' = 0$$

Assume $y = e^{\lambda x}$

Plug in

$$\lambda^2 - 7\lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda(\lambda - 7) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0 \text{ or } \lambda = 7 \quad y_1 = e^{0x}, y_2 = e^{7x}$$

Write Solution

$$y = c_1 + c_2 e^{7x}$$

$$(2) y'' - 9y = 0$$

Assume $y = e^{\lambda x}$

Plug in

$$\lambda^2 - 9 = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{characteristic equation}$$

$$\lambda = \pm 3$$

Write solution

$$\boxed{y = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 e^{-3x}}$$

$$(4) y'' = 0$$

$$\text{Assume } y = e^{\lambda x}$$

Plug in

$$\lambda^2 = 0 \quad \lambda = 0 ? \text{ only } 1?$$

Try a different route.

$$y'' = 0 \rightarrow \int y'' dx = \int 0 dx$$

$$y' = c_1$$

$$\int y' dx = \int c_1 dx$$

$$\boxed{y = c_1 x + c_2}$$